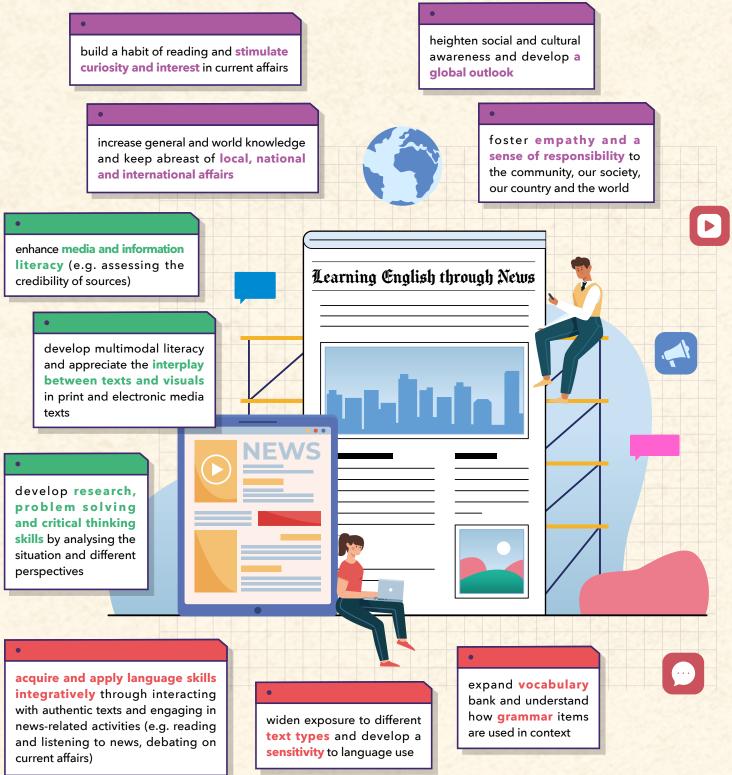
Learning English through News

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eading news enriches our life and offers great educational values. News covers a wide range of topics at the local, national and global levels from economy, sports, business and commerce, current world affairs, entertainment, lifestyle and culture to science and technology and many more, providing a rich resource for students to enhance language and personal development. The multiple benefits of news reading are shown in the infographic below:

Benefits of News Reading



Developing a School News Literacy Programme: Unlocking the Power of News Reading in English Learning and Teaching

• o promote news reading and develop students' literacy skills, higher-order thinking and proper values and attitudes, a News Literacy Programme can be designed with clear learning focuses and the strategic use of news articles (both printed and electronic). With careful planning and implementation, not only can the school News Literacy Programme broaden students' horizons and foster their self-directed learning, but it can also complement the promotion of different curriculum initiatives in school, such as values education (including national education, national security education and media and information literacy) and Language across the Curriculum.

Introduce knowledge and skills necessary for understanding and analysing news media (e.g. knowledge of text types and structures, skills for interpreting images, statistics and graphs, media and information literacy skills for verifying sources) progressively and systematically

> Incorporate the development of enabling skills (e.g. vocabulary building strategies, phonics skills, dictionary skills) to enhance students' competence in independent reading and self-directed learning

Select and adapt a wide range of quality news from both print and electronic media as learning input, with due consideration given to:

- Length and Complexity: Start with shorter, simpler news articles and media texts before progressing to more complex ones
- Relevance and Immediacy: Focus on current/ developing events to make reading relevant to students' daily life
- Age-appropriateness: Choose themes and topics appropriate for young learners (e.g. Hong Kong athletes' achievements at the Olympic Games to highlight the priority value of perseverance)

Identify suitable entry points for language learning by tapping into the unique features of news (e.g. text types, writing styles, use of language, rhetorical functions, visual elements)

Combine text-based news articles with audio and visual content (e.g. photos, story maps, infographics, videos) to support comprehension and cater for learner diversity

Use news as springboards for designing integrated and real-world tasks (e.g. research projects, role plays, debates, multimedia presentations) and connecting students' learning experiences

Tips and Suggestions on the Design of a School **News Literacy** Programme

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To be read in

Engage students in reading an array of news related to the same theme/topic (e.g. Chinese culture, sports, science and technology) to deepen understanding, compare multiple perspectives, and develop different literacy skills and strategies

Task and Activity Design



- · Go through part of the news content (e.g. implications from the headline/title, sub-heading, lead and images) with students to arouse interest in the themes/topics; encourage them to explore further through independent reading beyond lesson time
- Design pre-reading activities to support comprehension (e.g. predicting the likely development of events and issues, introducing key vocabulary and concepts, connecting news content with students' previous experience) and provide clear reading purposes
- While reading

- Create opportunities for students to reflect on the news content critically (e.g. evaluating information from different sources, examining value-laden issues from multiple perspectives) and make informed judgements
- Guide students to respond to the news content creatively (e.g. writing an imaginary dialogue based on a news report, presenting the news using a different perspective, conducting a press conference/mock trial based on a reported case)
- Revisit the issue for follow-up or analysis from a wider perspective with hindsight

Whole-school Curriculum Planning

Language-rich

Design a variety of questions and

tasks of varying levels of difficulty

to support comprehension and

critical reading (e.g. summarising

distinguishing facts from opinions,

comparing different viewpoints,

identifying sensational language,

bias and stereotypes in media

activities and assessment tasks

to arouse students' interest in

reading the news, check their

and targeted feedback

understanding, help them organise

relevant ideas and provide timely

• Adopt diversified modes of

texts)

or paraphrasing news content,

- Make newspaper reading the talk of the school, for example: setting aside a news
- reading session in the school timetable
- sharing news headlines in the assembly
- setting up reading walls and newspaper corners inviting news editors/
- journalists to give talks

- Collaborate with content subject teachers and the teacher-librarian to promote the use of news and Language across the Curriculum, for example:
- identifying common themes for cross-curricular news reading
- introducing an extensive news reading/viewing scheme
- Adopt diversified strategies, such as the life events approach and integrating cognition, affection and action, to connect news with students' daily lives and promote proper values and attitudes

Co-curricular life-wide learni

- Extend students' news-related learning experiences beyond the classroom through different activities, for example:
- visiting Hong Kong News-Expo/news publishers
- interviewing successful journalists
- providing opportunities for student reporters to practise news reporting and journalistic writing in school publications/ on campus TV

Parental

 Enlist support from parents to promote news reading and discussion at home



How Do Students Access News?

Radio **Television** • • Social media platforms Printed **NEWS** ewspap and \equiv nagazines ewspa iews we id maga Video news Governmen nannels/platforms resources Ś News database Some free and useful platforms **RTHK News** China Daily

PARENTS' CORNER

ents play an essential role at ho g students' habit of udante can accoss now a anywhere outside ow are some tips for parents

Make it a shared experience

- choose suitable news publication
- read the news publications and explore different sections togeth (e.g. local news, sports, quizzes,
- encourage your child to think critically about the news they hav

Create a routine

- set a designated family time for reading newspapers and/or viewing media news together (e.g. at breakfast/dinner or while commuting)
- choose topics appropriate for you child and engage in meaningful conversations about them on a regular basis

Encourage participation/ contribution

 encourage your child to send entries to sections that invite contributions from children (e.g quizzes, photography, drawings, short stories, poems, letters to the editor)





Promoting News Reading through Issuing a Monthly Bulletin in Hong Kong Chinese Women's Club College

Hong Kong Chinese Women's Club College has adopted various strategies to promote newspaper reading. By issuing the school-based Monthly Bulletin, the curriculum leaders aim to enhance student's reading skills, widen their language exposure and develop their social awareness.

Monthly Bulletin

- 1-2 issue(s) each month with 4 pages only
- News articles carefully chosen in terms of **topics** and text types
- Questions set for extended tasks

Leaving No One Behind - A Wholeschool Approach

- Besides the reading lessons, one particular home period is designated to reading English newspapers.
- Students can choose to read the school-based Monthly Bulletin or the subscribed e-newspapers on tablets





Tailor-made Learning & Teaching **Activities**

English teachers, based on the topics and text types, incorporate news articles from the Monthly Bulletin into d and design classteachin based learning activities, including:

- group discussions
- textual analyses



Different Modes of Assignments

In addition to traditional newspaper cutting and commentary, students are also engaged in tasks that require interaction with newspaper articles from the word, sentence, textual levels to conceptual level to develop their knowledge, skills and values and attitudes, such as:

vocabulary journals presentations Note: Serie Series Seri



News Article = A.I. Race Can Have Two Winnerd (SCMP, This new article is inspirational. As we know, AI is ensingly used nonadays. It is stated in the news rticle that US is stronger in research while china is in implementation. The writer believes that if both tries can push and learn from each other, it will ead to more offective AI tools globally. In my opinion caust be deried that competition can bring progress people to a certain extert. However, collaboration mong people is far more important. Through brainst nd working together, we can often get valuable idea one another and gain mutual benefits. In related age scale development project like AI mutual tion is even more important. It is believed

New patriotic song debuts in Hong Kong schools, boosting national identity education



Promoting Language across the Curriculum

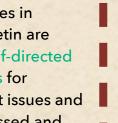
Newspaper articles are strategically chosen to map with the schoolbased priority values (e.g. an article about a patriotic song debuts in Hong Kong schools to develop students' national identity). English teachers can seamlessly integrate education, including national security education (NSE) in English lessons. The English Panel has collaborated with the school library to encourage newspaper reading through inter-class competitions (e.g. vocabulary challenge).



Promoting **Self-directed** Learning

Newspaper articles in the Monthly Bulletin are compiled into self-directed learning booklets for students to revisit issues and viewpoints discussed and vocabulary learnt.









Developing a School News Literacy Programme: The Case of The True Light School of Hong Kong

In The True Light School of Hong Kong, news reading is used as a "super-connector" to make students' learning experiences more coherent and meaningful.

Teachers have made concerted efforts to:

• provide students with access to both printed and electronic news materials



- adapt thematically-related news articles and media texts as learning input for each module in the school English Language curriculum
- promote the integrative use of English by developing a variety of News-in-Education (NiE) tasks that strengthen the connection among reading, writing, listening and speaking



• infuse into the design of NiE tasks different curriculum initiatives (e.g. making a pitch to promote Hong Kong's pop culture scene to demonstrate the creative use of English)





